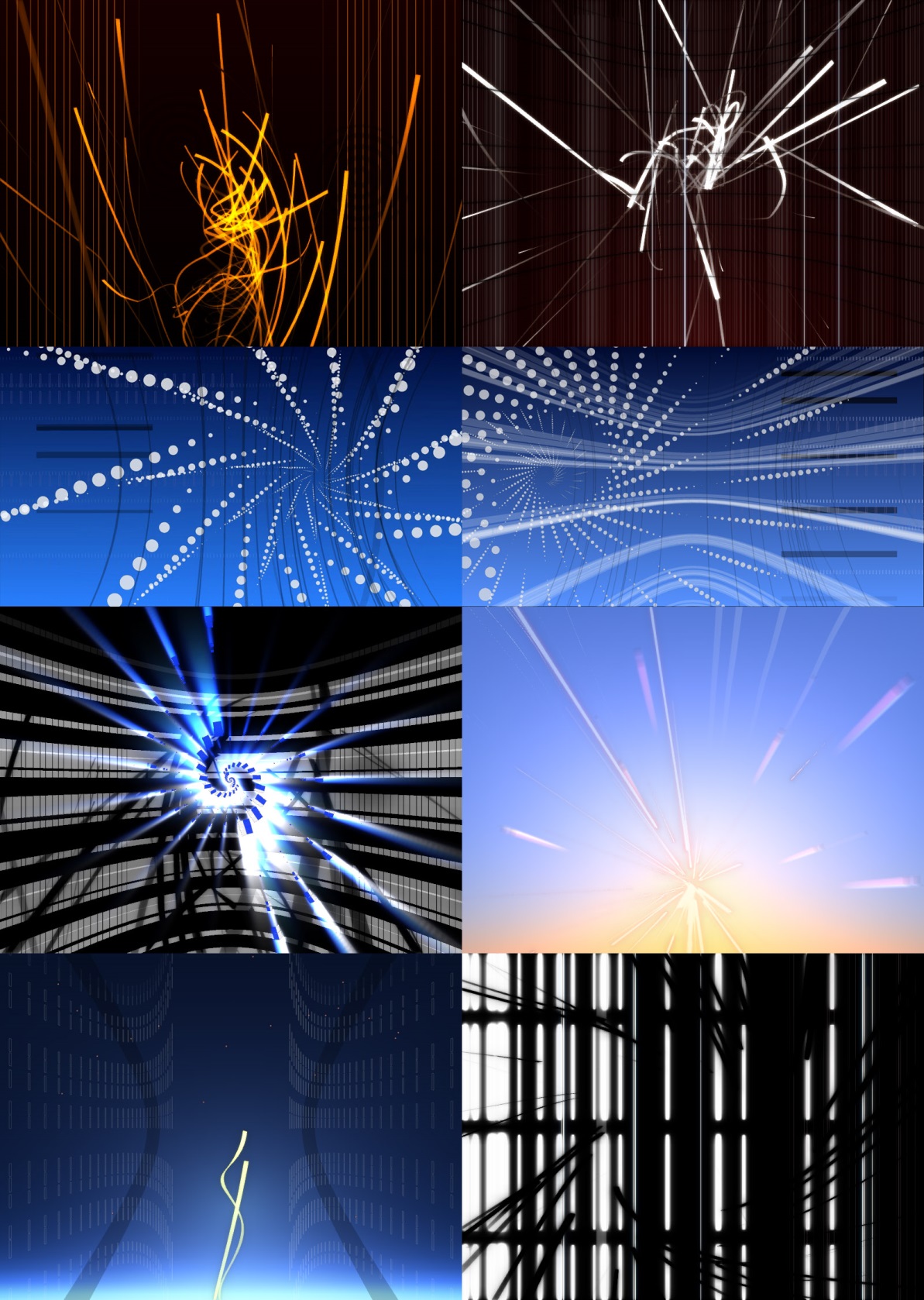
Mother 1.5



# New features in thIS version (1.5):

* A new type of visual synth is now supported: effect synths. These do not draw any geometry themselves; rather, they modify the image created by previous synths, much like FreeFrameGL plugins usually work.
* Blending, transparency parameters are now automatically implemented for all synths.
* An experimental feature, which may need some refining, but seems to work for my use-cases: while previously the hierarchy of synths within Mother was a stack, now it is a tree: this in practical terms means you can apply an effect synth that only applies its effect to the synth it is stacked over.
* A new example has been created to demonstrate the effect feature, and the new tree hierarchy.
* Each synth now draws into its own off-screen buffer. This requires more graphics card memory, but allows for all the above new features.
* OSC Address patterns for addressing synths are now slightly modified, meaning you will need to update your previous controller programs: while before the address pattern was: “/Mother/Child/YourSynth01/ItsParameter”, now it is: “/Mother/YourSynth01/ItsParameter”. Simply put I did away with the “/Child” fragment.
* FoetusParameters now automatically handle OSC message receiving, in the normal case where a single value is set. Typetag strings with more than one parameter, or more complex handling than simple value setting, still requires manual handling however. Please refer to the examples for this change.

# Getting started:

To get the included examples running, follow the following steps:

1. Download and install the oscP5 and controlP5 libraries, needed by Mother and by the example sketch respectively.
2. Run the example controller (MotherControllerExample.pde in Contributed Libraries -> Mother folder)
3. Run MotherDelivery.pde, found in the same folder.
4. If everything goes well, Mother Delivery will display a black screen. To get things going, press the “Add Gradient”, and “Add RGB Cube” buttons in the controller, which should result in these two synths being loaded. You can then also add the BarrelBlurChroma effect if you want.
5. Use the on screen controls to change the colours of the gradient, and the transparency and scaling of the rotating cube.
6. Read the included documentation, as well as the documentation related to using OSC (http://opensoundcontrol.org/), and get started making your own synths and user interfaces for controlling them!

If it doesn't work right away:

* Make sure you graphics card and the installed drivers support OpenGL 2.0
* Make sure the communication between the controller and Mother is not blocked by a firewall, and that the network ports specified in Mother.ini are available. If the ports cannot be opened, the console in the Processing IDE’s for the two sketches will contain messages alerting to the fact. If this is the case, change the ports in the MotherControllerExample sketch, and read the documentation below on how to edit the mother.ini file towards setting an unused port for Mother.
* Post a question on the "Contributed Library Questions" section of the Processing forum :) Make sure to also send me a link to your thread at onar3d, at hotmail.com or at gmail.com, since I don't always check the Processing forum. It’s a good idea to keep any conversations on the forum however, so that other users of the library can also benefit from reading them.

# Mother 1.5 Usage instructions

Mother is a standalone host application for running multiple Processing sketches in parallel, and mixing their output, in a manner analogous to VJing. Version 1.5 has been tested with processing version 2.1.1, and might not work with sketches exported with earlier/later versions of Processing. It will definitely not work with older versions of processing than 2.1. If you want to use an older version of processing, please use a previous release of Mother.

For a Processing sketch to be compatible, it needs to have been built using the Foetus library provided.

Diagrammatically (and this will be better explained further in this text), to create a synth for use with Mother, use the Foetus library, export your synth from the processing environment (File->Export Application), and place the “yourSketch.jar” file found in the folder “application.windowsXX/lib/”, and the .jar files of any libraries used, in the synth folder specified in the mother.ini file. The default folders for this use are ./data/Synths/, and ./data/Synths/libraries/ respectively, within the data folder of the MotherDelivery sketch. Further instructions on how to create a synth for use with Mother follow in a separate section.

## Start-up settings for Mother:

In the mother.ini file, located in the same folder as the Mother executable, the following start-up parameters can be specified. # denotes a comment. Make sure to write all lines without any spaces!

# This is where the host looks for the synth jar files.

# the folder you point to needs to also include two subfolders, "data" and

# "libraries".

# So if you keep your synths in "X:\\Synths", you also need to create folders

# "X:\\Synths\\data", and "X:\\Synths\\libraries".

UseCustomSynthFolder=0;

SynthFolder=X:\\PortableApps\\Lumia\_Synths\_P2.0;

# Here the IP address of the OSC controller is specified.

IP=127.0.0.1;

# The port on which the host receives OSC messages.

osc\_receive\_port=7000;

# The port to which the host sends OSC messages.

osc\_send\_port=5432;

# If the host should run in fullscreen, set this parameter to 1.

# For windowed mode set the parameter to 0.

FullScreen=0;

# Setup secondary display output to use when in fullscreen mode.

# 0: primary display,

# 1: secondary display.

# n: n-th display (untested).

outputScreen=0;

# screenSize=3360,1050;

screenSize=800,600;

# Framerate:

frameRate=24;

# Path for storing screen captures:

imagePath=D:\\ML\_Grabs\;

# Fraction of running speed. So if framerate is 30, and fraction is 5, the

# actual framerate will be 6 fps.

# This is useful when running mother in non-realtime, and recording the output # to image files.

# The fraction value is then used to adjust timing calculations so that the

# rendered sequence corresponds perfectly

# to what it would have looked like in real time.

speedFraction=1;

## OSC Messages for Mother:

### /Mother/Get\_synth\_names

Causes a message to be returned containing the names of all the synth types that the host has access to, in the following format:

/Synth\_names synth1 synth2 synth3 (…)

### /Mother/Add\_synth synth1 synth1\_01

To add a synth at the topmost layer, the /Mother/Add\_synth message needs to be sent with two arguments, the name of the desired synth type, and a unique name to identify the particular synth instance. If an instance already exists with that name, no new synth is added to the stack.

### /Mother/Remove\_synth synth1\_01

Removes the synth with the ID specified in the argument. If no synth is found with that ID then no synth is removed.

### /Mother/Move\_synth synth1\_01 0

The synth specified in the first argument is moved to the stack location specified in the second argument. The synth that previously held that location is displaced.

### */Mother/Record 1*

If 1 is specified, Mother begins recording .png images to the path specified in the “imagePath” field of mother.ini. A message with value 0 stops the recording. Only for use in non real-time mode, as it is normally too demanding to run in real-time.

## Messages for Foetus:

Each synth has to be built using the Foetus library. Besides enabling a Processing sketch to work with the host, the library also enables the synth to communicate over OSC. The foetus library itself only responds to three messages.

### */Mother/ synth1\_01/Set\_BlendMode 1*

I have reinstated built-in blending in the 1.5 release. It takes a single integer argument, altering which cycles through the blend modes.

### */Mother/ synth1\_01/Set\_Alpha 1.0*

I have reinstated built-in transparency in the 1.5 release. It takes a single floating point argument, 0.0-1.0.

### */Mother/synth1\_01/Get\_Supported\_Messages*

which in turn returns a message with all the additional OSC messages the synth supports, along with their typetags:

/Mother/synth1\_01/Get\_Supported\_Messages

Where synth1\_01 is the ID of a synth of the desired type.

The returned message is then of the following format:

/Synth\_supported\_messages/synth1\_01 /Param\_3 ii /Param\_2 ii /Param\_1 ii

Where the address of each parameter followed by its typetag are listed in turn.

The parameters of each synth are then addressed using messages using the following format:

/Mother/ synth1\_01/Param\_Name

## Foetus methods:

Well, it only has one as of yet:

*millis()* is the same as the Processing *millis()* function, with the additional feature that it takes the specified speed fraction into account. This is useful when running in non real-time mode, as the *f.millis()* call returns the time value at a given frame number that it would have if it were running in real-time.

# Building a synth using Processing:

1. Install the Mother library into your processing environment. This also include the Foetus library.
2. If you do not already have it, also install the OSCP5 library, as the Foetus library depends on it. Foetus also depends on the Shapetween library, but because Shapetween doesn’t yet have an official Processing 2.0 port, I include it in the distribution of Mother.

*Note: If you also have an installation of the Shapetween library in your library folder, delete the shapetween.jar file that currently comes in the library folder of the Mother distribution, or the Processing IDE will complain that the library is installed twice, creating a conflict.*

1. Make sure you use the OPENGL-renderer (in P2.0 interchangeable with P3D), as the P2D renderer is unsupported.
2. Declare a public foetus object named f: *public Foetus f*;
3. Create a method *void initializeFoetus()*. This method will hold all your initialization code. Setup() is not called when a sketch is used as a synth in Mother, and so any initialization you would normally do in Setup(), should instead be performed here.
4. Call *initializeFoetus()* from within setup() so that you can run the sketch outside of Mother – if you don’t the sketch cannot run by itself directly from the Processing IDE, only from within Mother.
5. In *initializeFoetus(),* instantiate the foetus object:  *f = new Foetus(this);*
6. Inside of draw(), you need to call “f.startDrawing();” before drawing what you want to appear to the main output. When done, you need to call “f.endDrawing();”.
7. To create a synth for use with Mother, use the Foetus library, export your synth from the processing environment (File->Export Application), and place the “yourSketch.jar” file found in the newly created folder “application.windowsXX/lib/”, and the .jar files of any libraries used, in the synth folder specified in the mother.ini file. The default folders for this use are ./data/Synths/, and ./data/Synths/libraries/ respectively, within the data folder of the MotherDelivery sketch.

If you want the synth to respond to its own set of OSC messages, you also need to do the following:

1. register what these messages are in the *initializeFoetus()* method:

*f.registerMethod("/TopColor ", "iii");*

*f.registerMethod("/BottomColor ", "iii");*

etc…

1. and add a *void oscEvent(oscMessage theOscMessage)* method:

*void oscEvent(OscMessage theOscMessage)*

*{*

*if (theOscMessage.checkAddrPattern("/TopColor") == true)*

*{*

*/\* check if the typetag is the right one. \*/*

*if (theOscMessage.checkTypetag("iii"))*

*{*

*m\_TopR = theOscMessage.get(0).intValue();*

*m\_TopG = theOscMessage.get(1).intValue();*

*m\_TopB = theOscMessage.get(2).intValue();*

*return;*

*}*

*}*

*else if (theOscMessage.checkAddrPattern("/BottomColor") == true)*

*{*

*etc…*

*}*

# Building aN EFFECT synth using Processing:

New to Mother version 1.5 is the ability to build effect synths. I have included one example, building on a GLSL shader from [www.shadertoy.com](http://www.shadertoy.com): [www.shadertoy.com/view/XssGz8](http://www.shadertoy.com/view/XssGz8)

Most of the work is done behind the scenes inside of Mother & Foetus, but you need to be aware of the following:

The rendering output up to the current sketch, is available to use as input inside any sketch, through the Foetus field “f.incoming”. If you access that, you may use it as input in your effect.

If, in the Foetus constructor, you set the second (optional) boolean parameter to true, it enables drawing a multi-coloured cube into the incoming PGraphics buffer, to give the effect some input for when running in standalone. When running within Mother, this cube is not drawn.

## Spline interpolation:

With Mother 0.2 came the facility of allowing spline interpolation for individual floating point synth parameters. Instead of declaring each parameter as float, you declare it as FoetusParameter, and instantiate it in the initializeFoetus() method, eg:

Declaration:

Foetus parameter m\_Red;

Instantiation:

initializeFoetus()

{

(…)

// Instantiate foetus object here

f = **new** Foetus(**this**);

m\_Red = **new** FoetusParameter(f, 0, "/Red","f");

(…)

}

Where f is a reference to the Synth’s Foetus (make sure to first instantiate it before using it here or the synth will crash!), 0 is the initial value, “/Red” is its OSC address, and “f” is the OSC typetag. With the 0.2 release the only supprted typetag is “f”, but I’ve nonetheless added the parameter for compatibility with future releases.

If you use FoetusParameter, you do not need to use *f.registerMethod()* for it, as this is taken care of from inside the constructor.

You then get the interpolated value using the getValue() method, and set their value using setValue().

At the moment, the speed of the interpolation is the time that passed between the two previous setValue() calls, or three seconds, whichever is the shortest.

If messages are received with intervals shorted than 100 milliseconds, no interpolation is done between them.

Also note that currently no possibility to control the spline interpolation has been added. The default setting used is that of an ‘S’ curve, which gives the most natural-looking type of animation:



Keep in mind though that spline interpolation is relatively expensive computationally, if you use it on a very large number of parameters it may end up affecting the frame-rate of the sketch.

Finally note that all included examples have been updated to use spline interpolation, so have a look to see how it is done, there is very little to it!

## Notes on using multiple screens:

While running Mother on a computer with more than one display device attached may be desirable, it does also mean that certain complications need to be taken into consideration. Not all graphics cards are good at supporting OpenGL acceleration on the secondary display, and even those at are, often are by default set up to do so at the cost of reduced performance. So although Mother supports outputting to the secondary display, I recommend setting your projector to be your primary display, and disabling OpenGL acceleration on the secondary, for maximized OpenGL performance.

The only way to currently output to the secondary display, is to use the MotherDeliveryEcplipse project to run Mother, and from within there, to set the outputScreen parameter to a value greater than 0.

## Suggestion for advanced users:

Mother is most intuitively used from within the Eclipse IDE, as you can then directly reference your sketch projects from within the MotherDeliveryEclipse project. Go to Project Properties -> Java Build Path ->Projects->Add…, and from there add the synth projects that reside in the workspace. This way, you do not need to export the .jar file for your synth every time you’ve made a change to it, instead Mother will use the code for the synth as is referenced from within Eclipse. For this reason, and because Eclipse also provides many important features for more advanced development, I therefore recommend using the MotherDeliveryEcplipse project, if you plan on developing complex visual synths.

## Mother development supporters:

Mother’s development has been partially funded by the Agalma foundation, [www.agalma.ch](http://www.agalma.ch)

And partially by the EU FP7 Presenccia project, from which I received funding towards carrying out my PhD (2011), thesis available for download here: <http://discovery.ucl.ac.uk/1310143/>

## Revision history:

### Mother 1.0:

* Processing 2.0.x compatibility
* Mother now works entirely from within the Processing IDE, and is thus no longer an external program which makes use of Processing, but a Processing library. This also means that you no longer need to run Mother from Eclipse to get access to console Error messages, as these are displayed in the Processing IDE’s console.
* A new controller example is included which too works entirely from within Processing, using the controlP5 and oscP5 libraries.
* An Eclipse project is included with the distribution so that more advanced users can get started more quickly with developing Synths in Eclipse.
* The synth folder can now either be in the Mother sketch’s data folder, or a custom location.

### Mother 0.6:

* Small mistakes fixed from previous 0.5 release
  + Waltz synth example was not working.
  + I failed to mention in the documentation that you also need the Shapetween library to develop new synths.
* More comprehensive secondary screen support introduced.
* pre(), draw(), post() and dispose() methods are now called properly in synth libraries.
* It is no longer necessary to put an Init() method in sketches intended as Synths for Mother (Finally!).

### Mother 0.5:

* Updated Mother to use Processing 1.0.7
* Performance improved
* Stability improved (bugs fixed)
* OSX-port implemented (Many thanks to Krzysztof Goliński and Splatgirl for their work on the port!)

### Mother 0.4:

* Updated Mother to use Processing 1.0.5.
* Updated the distribution to conform to the Processing Library guidelines.
* Added Pure Data controller example.

### Mother 0.3:

* Anti-aliased rendering, a very important feature which has improved image quality considerably.
* Support for Processing version>1.x
* A more straightforward way of handling sketches which use external libraries. In previous versions libraries had to be packed in the jar file of the sketch. Now libraries are loaded dynamically when needed from their original jar files, so all a user needs to do is place all library jar files in a designated folder.
* Non real-time mode, useful for rendering high resolution video to disk.
* Considerable speed increases through various optimizations.

### Mother 0.2:

* Spline interpolation
* Bug fixes